Supplied in the following states: CA, WA, OR, AZ, ID, NV, UT, MT, WY, CO, NM, AK, HI

# **Section 1 - Product and Company Identification**

Material Name • LionGuard All-Weather SBS Cement

Chemical Category • Mixture
Product Code • LG-9653

Product Description • All Weather Roofing Cement

**Manufacturer** • APOC - Asphalt Products Oil Corporation

4161 East 7th Avenue Tampa, FL 33605

**Telephone** 

General • 813-248-2101

Emergency • 800-424-9300 - CHEMTREC

Technical • 813-248-2101 - Customer Service

#### **Section 2 - Hazards Identification**

#### **GHS HAZARDS AND PRECAUTIONS**

#### **SIGNAL WORD: WARNING!**

Flammable liquid and vapor. Contains Combustible Petroleum Distillates. Harmful or Fatal if swallowed. Keep away from heat, sparks, and open flame. Avoid prolonged breathing of vapor and use only in adequate ventilation.

Repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvent vapor may cause brain and nervous system damage, respiratory tract irritation, dizziness, or loss of consciousness. May cause skin and eye irritation.

**Prevention** Avoid breathing dust, fume, gas, mist, vapors and/or spray. Do not handle until all safety

precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames and/or hot surfaces. - No smoking. Use personal protective equipment as required. Keep out of reach of

children.

**Response** IF INHALED: If breathing is difficult, remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position

comfortable for breathing. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off

immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.

**Storage/Disposal** Store in a closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Dispose of content and/or container

in accordance with local, regional, national, and/or international regulations.







Physical FormColorBlack

Odor • Mild Hydrocarbon.

• 105°F(40.5°C) CC (Closed Cup)

UEL6 %LEL0.9 %

• Flammable Liquids - Category 3, Specific Target Organ Toxicity Repeated Exposure -

Category 2, Skin Corrosion/Irritation - Category 2, Serious Eye Damage, Eye Irritation -

Category 2A, Carcinogenicity - Category 1A

WHMIS
 Combustible Liquids - B3, Other Toxic Effects - D2A, Other Toxic Effects - D2B

 Flammable Liquids - Category 3, Specific Target Organ Toxicity Repeated Exposure -Category 2, Skin Corrosion/Irritation - Category 2, Serious Eye Damage, Eye Irritation -

Category 2A, Carcinogenicity - Category 1A

#### **Potential Health Effects**

#### Inhalation:

**GHS** 

Acute (Immediate)

• May cause irritation. Excessive breathing of high vapor concentration can cause possible unconsciousness and even asphyxiation.

Chronic

• Refer to other information found in Section 11-Toxicology.

(Delayed)

Skin:

Acute (Immediate) • May cause irritation.

Chronic (Delayed) • Repeated and prolonged exposure may cause dermatitis.

Eye:

Acute (Immediate) • May cause irritation.

**Chronic (Delayed)** • Repeated and prolonged exposure may cause irritation.

Ingestion:

**Acute (Immediate)** • May be harmful or fatal if swallowed.

Chronic (Delayed) • Repeated and prolonged exposure may be harmful.

# Carcinogenic Effects

• This product or one of its ingredients present at 0.1% or more is listed as a carcinogen by NTP, IARC or OSHA. See Section 11 - Toxicological Information for more details.

Carcinogenic Effects							
CAS IARC NTP							
Hydrated aluminium- magnesium silicate	12174-11-7	Group 3-Not Classifiable	Not established				
Quartz	14808-60-7	Group 1-Carcinogenic	Known Human Carcinogen				
Asphalt	8052-42-4	Group 2B-Possible Carcinogen	Under Consideration				

# Section 3 - Composition/Information on Ingredients

Hazardous Components							
Chemical Name	Identifiers	%(weight)	LD50/LC50	Classifications According to Regulation/Directive			
Asphalt	CAS:8052-42-4 UN:NA1999 EINECS:232-490-9	50% TO 70%	Ingestion/Oral-Rat LD50 • >5000 mg/kg Inhalation-Rat LC50 • >94.4 mg/m³	ANSI: Irrit. WHMIS: Other Toxic Effects - D2A UN GHS: Carc. 2; Eye Irrit. 2A; Skin Irrit. 2			
Mineral Spirits	CAS:8052-41-3 EINECS:232-489-3	10% TO 20%		EU DSD/DPD: Carc.Cat.2; R45Muta.Cat.2; R46Xn; R65			
Cellulose	CAS:9004-34-6 EINECS:232-674-9	5% TO 15%	Ingestion/Oral-Rat LD50 • >5 g/kg Inhalation-Rat LC50 • >5800 mg/m³ 4 Hour(s)	OSHA HCS 1994: Irrit. WHMIS: Other Toxic Effects - D2B UN GHS: Eye Irrit. 2A; Skin Irrit. 2			
Kaolin	CAS:1332-58-7	5% TO 15%		WHMIS: Other Toxic Effects - D2A UN GHS: Eye Irrit. 2A; STOT RE 2			
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light	CAS:64742-95-6 EINECS:265-199-0	5% TO 10%		UN GHS: Asp. Tox. 1; Carc. 1B			

aromatic				
Hydrated aluminium- magnesium silicate	CAS:12174-11-7	1% TO 5%		WHMIS: Other Toxic Effects - D2A UN GHS: Carc. 2; STOT RE 2
Styrene/Butadiene Polymer	CAS:9003-55-8	1% TO 5%		
Quartz	CAS:14808-60-7 EINECS:238-878-4	1% TO 2%		WHMIS: Other Toxic Effects - D2A UN GHS: Carc. 1A; STOT RE 1
Benzene, 1,3,5-trimethyl	CAS:108-67-8 EINECS:203-604-4	0.5% TO 1%		<b>EU DSD/DPD:</b> R10Xi; R37N; R51 R53
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	CAS:95-63-6 EINECS:202-436-9	0.1% TO 0.5%	Ingestion/Oral-Rat LD50 • 5 g/kg Inhalation-Rat LC50 • 18000 mg/m³ 4 Hour(s)	WHMIS: Comb. Liq B3

This product is an encapsulated mixture which reduces the likelihood of exposure to hazardous particulates. Airborne exposures to hazardous dusts or mists may be generated by spraying, sanding or grinding.

See Section 11 for Toxicological Information.

#### Section 4 - First Aid Measures

- Inhalation IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical attention immediately.
- Skin • IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.
- IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to Eye do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
- Ingestion Call a physician or poison control center immediately. If swallowed, do not induce vomiting: seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

See Section 2 for Potential Health Effects.

# **Section 5 - Fire Fighting Measures**

# Extinguishing Media

#### Unsuitable Extinguishing Media

Use CO2, dry chemical, or foam.

Do not use direct stream of water.

#### **Firefighting Procedures**

 Fight advanced or massive fires from safe distance or protected location. Avoid water in a straight hose stream as the stream will cause splatter and spread fire. If product is heated above its flash point it will produce vapors sufficient to support combustion. Vapors are heavier than air and may travel along the ground and be ignited by heat, pilot lights, other flames and ignition sources at locations near the point of release.

# **Hazards**

**Unusual Fire and Explosion** • Combustible liquid. May release irritating or toxic gases, fumes, or vapors.

# **Hazardous Combustion Products**

Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, hydrocarbons.

**Protection of Firefighters** 

Firefighters should wear self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective gear.

Flash Point

105°F(40.5°C) CC (Closed Cup)

**Explosion Limits** 

Upper • 6 % Lower • 0.9 %

**Autoignition Temperature** • No data available

#### Section 6 - Accidental Release Measures

Personal Precautions • Do not handle damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Stay upwind. Ventilate the area before entry.

#### **Emergency Procedures**

 ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area) Stop leak if you can do it without risk. Isolate the area and contain the spilled material. Persons not wearing the appropriate PPE should be removed from the area until the spill is cleaned up. Keep unauthorized personnel away.

#### Environmental **Precautions**

• Prevent entry into waterways, sewers, basements or confined areas.

Measures

Containment/Clean-up • Contain and/or absorb spill with inert material (e.g. sand, vermiculite), then place in suitable container. Use appropriate Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Prohibited Materials

Avoid contact with strong oxidizing agents and acids.

# Section 7 - Handling and Storage

Handling

• KEEP OUT OF THE REACH OF CHILDREN! Keep away from heat, sparks, and flame – No Smoking. Use only with adequate ventilation.

Storage

• Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. No open flames, no sparks and no smoking.

**Special Packaging Materials** 

No data available

**Incompatible Materials or Ignition Sources** 

Avoid contact with strong oxidizing agents and acids.

# **Section 8 - Exposure Controls/Personal Protection**

# **Personal Protective Equipment**

**Pictograms** 







Respiratory • In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. If listed exposure limits are expected to be exceeded, use approved respiratory protection suitable for the hazard. When used with

adequate ventilation, a respirator is not normally required. If required, use a NIOSH-approved air purifying respirator with organic vapor cartridge or supplied air respirator.

Eye/Face

• Wear ANSI approved safety glasses with side shields or safety goggles.

Hands

• Wear chemical protective gloves made of Nitrile or Neoprene.

**Skin/Body** • Wear clothing that covers the skin to prevent skin exposure.

# Considerations

General Industrial Hygiene • Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling. When using do not smoke, eat, or drink.

#### Engineering Measures/Controls

 Adequate ventilation systems as needed to control concentrations of airborne contaminants below applicable threshold limit values. Use precaution to protect building intake from fumes and vapors created outdoors.

	Exposure Limits/Guidelines						
	Result	ACGIH	Canada Ontario	Mexico	OSHA	United States - California	
Quartz (14808-60-7)	TWAs	0.025 mg/m3 TWA (respirable fraction)	(designated substance	0.1 mg/m3 TWA LMPE-PPT (respirable fraction)	Not established	0.3 mg/m3 PEL (total dust); 0.1 mg/m3 PEL (respirable dust)	
Kaolin (1332-58-7)	TWAs	2 mg/m3 TWA (particulate matter containing no asbestos and <1% crystalline silica, respirable fraction)	2 mg/m3 TWA (containing no Asbestos and <1% Crystalline silica, respirable)	10 mg/m3 TWA LMPE-PPT	15 mg/m3 TWA (total dust); 5 mg/m3 TWA (respirable fraction)	2 mg/m3 PEL (respirable dust, containing no Asbestos fibers, <1% Crystalline silica)	
Cellulose (9004-34-6)	TWAs	10 mg/m3 TWA	10 mg/m3 TWA	10 mg/m3 TWA LMPE-PPT	15 mg/m3 TWA (total dust); 5 mg/m3 TWA (respirable fraction)	5 mg/m3 PEL (respirable fraction, listed under Particulates not otherwise regulated); 10 mg/m3 PEL (total dust, listed under	

						Particulates not otherwise regulated)
Mineral Spirits (8052-41-3)	TWAs	100 ppm TWA	525 mg/m3 TWA (140°C Flash aliphatic solvent)	,		100 ppm PEL; 525 mg/m3 PEL
Asphalt (8052-42-4)	TWAs 0.5 mg/m3 TWA (fume, inhalable fraction, as benzene soluble aerosol) 0.5 mg/m3 TWA (fume, inhalable, as Benzene-soluble aerosol)		(fume, inhalable, as Benzene-soluble	5 mg/m3 TWA LMPE-PPT	Not established	5 mg/m3 PEL (fume)

### **Exposure Control Notations**

#### ACGIH

- •Kaolin (1332-58-7): Carcinogens: (A4 Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen)
- •Asphalt (8052-42-4): Carcinogens: (A4 Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen (fume, coal tar-free))
- •Quartz (14808-60-7): Carcinogens: (A2 Suspected Human Carcinogen)

#### Key to abbreviations

PEL = Permissible Exposure Level determined by the Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA)

# **Section 9 - Physical and Chemical Properties**

Material Description			
Physical Form	Liquid	Appearance/Description	Thick black semi-liquid.
Color	Black	Odor	Mild Hydrocarbon.
Physical and Chemical Properties	Semi-liquid		
General Properties		•	
Boiling Point	310 to 400 F	Melting Point	No data available
рН	No data available	Specific Gravity/Relative Density	1.125 Water=1
Density	9.37 lbs/gal	Bulk Density	No data available
Water Solubility	No data available	Solvent Solubility	No data available
Viscosity	See TDS		
Volatility			
Vapor Pressure	2 mmHg (torr) @ 68 F(20 C)	Vapor Density	1 Air=1
VOC (Vol.)	< 300 g/L		
Flammability	-		
Flash Point	105°F(40.5°C) CC (Closed Cup)	UEL	6 %
LEL	0.9 %	Autoignition	No data available

# Section 10 - Stability and Reactivity

**Stability** 

• Stable under normal temperatures and pressures.

**Hazardous Polymerization** 

• Hazardous polymerization not indicated.

**Conditions to Avoid** 

• Avoid contact with strong oxidizing agents and flame.

**Incompatible Materials** 

• Strong oxidizers.

Hazardous Decomposition Products • Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and hydrocarbons.

# **Section 11 - Toxicological Information**

Component Name	CAS	Data
Asphalt (50% TO 70%)	8052-42-4	Acute Toxicity: orl-rat LD50:>5000 mg/kg; ihl-rat LC50:>94.4 mg/m3
Cellulose (5% TO 15%)	9004-34-6	Acute Toxicity: orl-rat LD50:>5 gm/kg
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic (5% TO 10%)	64742-95-6	Acute Toxicity: orl-rat LD50:8400 mg/kg
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene (0.1% TO 0.5%)	95-63-6	Acute Toxicity: orl-rat LD50:5 gm/kg; ihl-rat LC50:18000 mg/m3/4H

### Other Component Information

- IARC has concluded that the following chemicals in this product are carcinogenic to humans(Group 1): silica, quartz. ACGIH has designated the following chemicals in this product as suspected human carcinogens (A2): silica, quartz. NTP has listed the following chemicals in this product as known human carcinogens: silica, quartz. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure to this product as a dust or aerosol mist.
- This product contains petroleum asphalt. Petroleum asphalt is not listed as a carcinogen by OSHA or NTP. The National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), has concluded that at higher temperatures roofing asphalt fumes are a potential occupational carcinogen. If this product is heated or comes in contact with heated material, avoid breathing fumes. This product may contain small amounts of polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (PAH's) which are recognized carcinogens in humans and experimental animals. Mouse skin painting studies of roofing asphalt vapor concentrate have shown evidence of tumor formation associated with localized skin irritation. Inhalation studies of high airborne concentrations of asphalt/bitumen fumes in rats and mice produced bronchitis, pneumonitis, and lung changes such as fibrosis and cell damage.

# **Section 12 - Ecological Information**

**Ecological Fate** 

• No data available.

Persistence/Degradability • No data available.

Bioaccumulation Potential • No data available.

**Mobility in Soil** 

No data available.

# Section 13 - Disposal Considerations

Product • Dispose of content and/or container in accordance with local, regional, national, and/or international regulations.

# **Section 14 - Transportation Information**

**DOT:** Not restricted if shipped in containers <450L (119 gallons) Restricted if shipped in containers >450L (119 gallons)

TDG - Canada Transportation of Dangerous Goods: Not Restricted under General Exemption for small container packaging. If shipped as Bulk: Tars, Liquids; UN1999; Hazard Class: 3; Packing Group: III

IMDG: Tars, Liquids; UN1999; Hazard Class: 3; Packing Group: III 1.33 Class 3, Flammable Liquids.

**IMDG Code 2.3.2.5** - exempted from marking, labeling & testing of packages.

IATA - International Air Transportation Association - TARS, LIQUID; UN1999; Hazard Class: 3; Packing Group: III.

### Section 15 - Regulatory Information

**SARA Hazard Classifications** 

· Acute, Chronic

Risk & Safety Phrases

California PROP 65: Asphalt and Asphalt Fumes may contain detectable amounts of chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer or reproductive harm.

State Right To Know						
Component	CAS	MA	MN	NJ	PA	
Asphalt	8052-42-4	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
Mineral Spirits	8052-41-3	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
Cellulose	9004-34-6	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
Kaolin	1332-58-7	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	64742-95-6	No	No	No	No	
Hydrated aluminium-magnesium silicate	12174-11-7	No	No	No	No	
Styrene/Butadiene Polymer	9003-55-8	No	No	No	No	
Quartz	14808-60-7	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
Benzene, 1,3,5-trimethyl	108-67-8	Yes	No	No	No	
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	

	Inventory						
Component	CAS	TSCA					
Asphalt	8052-42-4	Yes					
Mineral Spirits	8052-41-3	Yes					
Cellulose	9004-34-6	Yes					
Kaolin	1332-58-7	Yes					
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	64742-95-6	Yes					
Hydrated aluminium-magnesium silicate	12174-11-7	N/A					
Styrene/Butadiene Polymer	9003-55-8	Yes					
Quartz	14808-60-7	Yes					
Benzene, 1,3,5-trimethyl	108-67-8	Yes					
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	Yes					

# Canada

#### Labor

Canada - WHMIS - Classifications of	Substances		
•Kaolin	1332-58-7	5% TO 15%	D2A
•Cellulose	9004-34-6	5% TO 15%	Uncontrolled product according to WHMIS classification criteria (including microcrystalline and paper fibers)
•Asphalt	8052-42-4	50% TO 70%	Not Listed
•1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	0.1% TO 0.5%	B3
•Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	64742-95-6	5% TO 10%	B3, D2B
•Quartz	14808-60-7	1% TO 2%	D2A (In certain cases, this classification does not apply. For more information, consult the section Substance Specific Issues - Silica, crystalline, encapsulated on Health Canada's WHMIS Division website.)
•Mineral Spirits	8052-41-3	10% TO 20%	B3, D2B
•Benzene, 1,3,5-trimethyl	108-67-8	0.5% TO 1%	B3
•Hydrated aluminium-magnesium silicate	12174-11-7	1% TO 5%	Not Listed
Styrene/Butadiene Polymer	9003-55-8	1% TO 5%	Uncontrolled product according to WHMIS classification criteria

Not Listed

# **United States**

#### **Environment**

•Kaolin

U.S. - CERCLA/SARA - Section 313 - Emission Reporting 1332-58-7 5% TO 15%

•Cellulose	9004-34-6	5% TO 15%	Not Listed
•Asphalt	8052-42-4	50% TO 70%	Not Listed
<ul><li>1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene</li></ul>	95-63-6	0.1% TO 0.5%	1.0 % de minimis concentration
<ul> <li>Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic</li> </ul>	64742-95-6	5% TO 10%	Not Listed
•Quartz	14808-60-7	1% TO 2%	Not Listed
Mineral Spirits	8052-41-3	10% TO 20%	Not Listed
<ul><li>Benzene, 1,3,5-trimethyl</li></ul>	108-67-8	0.5% TO 1%	Not Listed
<ul> <li>Hydrated aluminium-magnesium silicate</li> </ul>	12174-11-7	1% TO 5%	Not Listed
<ul><li>Styrene/Butadiene Polymer</li></ul>	9003-55-8	1% TO 5%	Not Listed

### **United States - California**

#### **Environment**

•Kaolin	1332-58-7	5% TO 15%	Not Listed
•Cellulose	9004-34-6	5% TO 15%	Not Listed
•Asphalt	8052-42-4	50% TO 70%	Not Listed
•1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	0.1% TO 0.5%	Not Listed
•Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	64742-95-6	5% TO 10%	Not Listed
•Quartz	14808-60-7	1% TO 2%	carcinogen,
Minimal Onitale	0050 44 0	400/ TO 000/	Nint I intend

initial date 10/1/88 (airborne particles of respirable size)

•Mineral Spirits 8052-41-3 10% TO 20% Not Listed •Benzene, 1,3,5-trimethyl 108-67-8 0.5% TO 1% Not Listed

•Hydrated aluminium-magnesium silicate 12174-11-7 1% TO 5% carcinogen, initial date 12/28/99 (>5 µm in length)

•Styrene/Butadiene Polymer 9003-55-8 1% TO 5% Not Listed

# **Section 16 - Other Information**

**Prepared By** • GG Inc. • 7/31/2015 **Last Revision Date** 

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